Tumor Margins

- Regardless of the classification scheme used, this is one of the most important factors in predicting tumor recurrence
- Good margins (free of neoplastic cells) should be 2+cm
- Fixation will retract the tissue → what appears to be a wide margin at the surgical procedure, gets thinner after fixation
- A good deep margin is usually more difficult to obtain than lateral margins
- Understand that only a small fraction of the tumor margins is typically evaluated
- Painted margins is the best way to evaluate margins
- Use dyes that are bright and solid → Black, blue, red
- Blot the surface to be painted before applying the dye and let it dry for about 10 minutes before immersing the sample in fixative
- Fatty tissues: Spray with mordant (e.g., acetic acid) the margin surface before applying the dye